Evolutions du modèle couplé du CNRM-GAME : d'un GIEC à l'autre











Journées MISSTERRE Paris 12/05/09



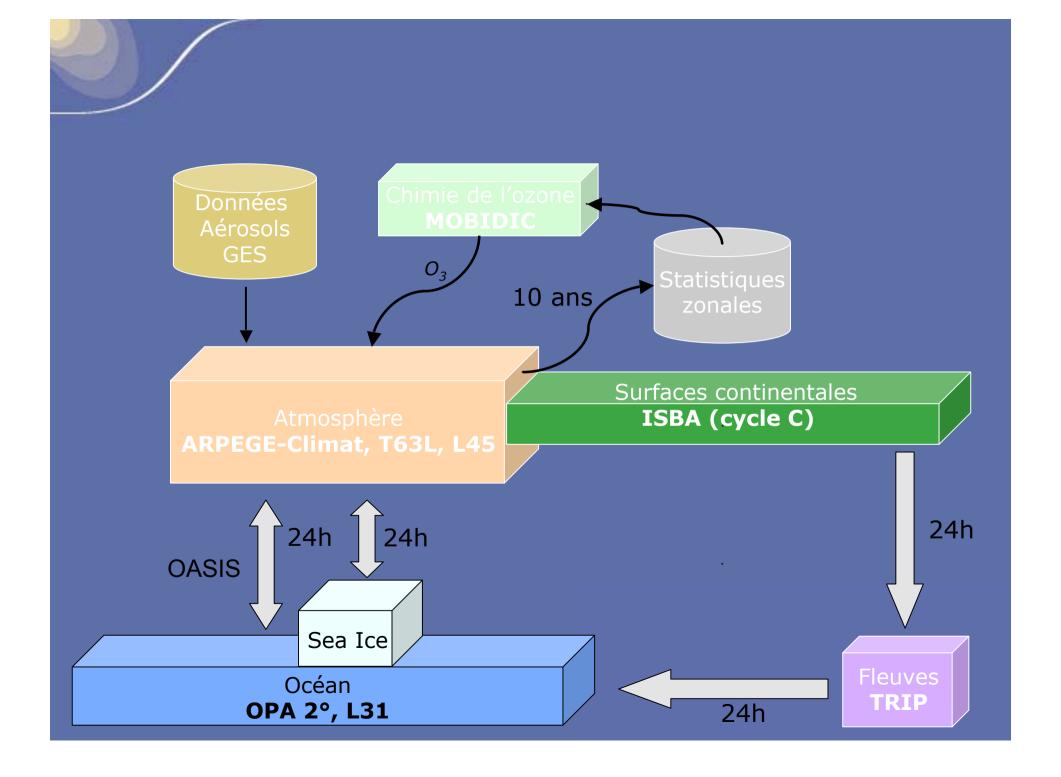


Introduction

- Disposer d'un modèle couplé : CNRM-CM
 - Coeur couplé: OPA / ARPEGE-Climat (collaboration CERFACS)
 - FP6 / ENSEMBLES "stream2" ~ Simulations GIEC-AR4 bis
 - IPCC AR5 (rapport 2013) : fin des simulations CMIP5 en 2010
 - Mise à disposition des données pour utilisateurs (analyses, impacts...) + GEOCC

			GIEC-AR4		EN	SEMBLES	S2 GI	EC-AR5	
						NEN	NEMO ARPEGEv5		
MODELE A	CM2.1	CM2.2	CM3	3.1	CM3.2	CM3.3 CI	M4 CM	5	
	2000	2002	2004	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	
MODELE B	Ø	CM2.1	Ø		CM3.1	CM3.2	CN	13.3 ou CM	4





1. De la version IPCC-AR4 à la version « ENSEMBLES » de CNRM-CM

ENSEMBLES : un projet FP6

- « stream 1 » : ensemble de simulations pour l'IPCC-AR4 (CNRM-CM3.1)
- Création d'une base de données de forçages pour modèles régionaux (fréquence 6h pour plusieurs scénarios sur 1950-2100)
- Analyse des simulations produites par les modèles
- Amélioration des modèles
- « stream 2 » : simulations avec les nouvelles versions de modèles (CNRM-CM3.3)

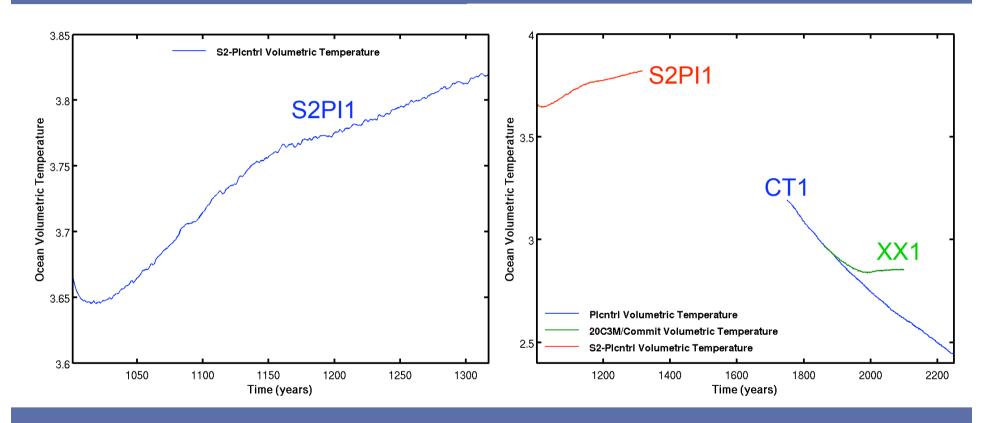
Développements effectués

- Version 4 d'ARPEGE-Climat (nouvelle dynamique)
- Effet indirect des aérosols sulfatés
- Révision du couplage ARPEGE-OPA (conservativité énergétique)
- Impact climatique des changements d'utilisation des sols
- Nouvelle carte de végétation
- Portage sur NEC SX8
- Conservativité du système océan-glace
- Nouveau schéma linéaire d'ozone
- Impact climatique des volcans (concentration stratosphériques d'aérosols)



Le S2 ENSEMBLES avec CNRM-3.3 (2008) – Exp contrôle PI1

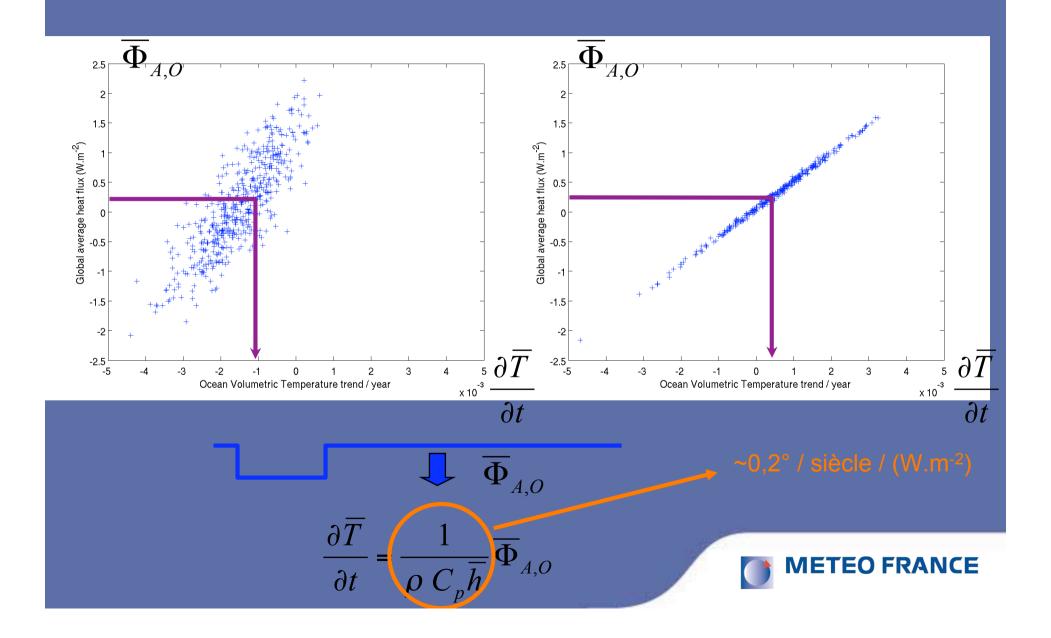
Une dérive plus faible... +0.04° / siècle contre -0.1°/siècle



Température volumétrique de l'océan

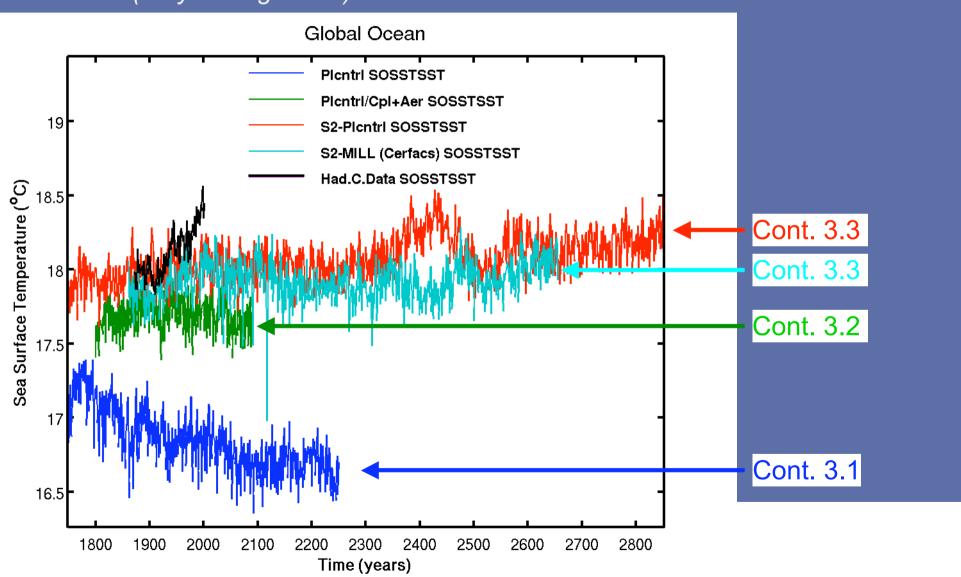


Illustration : simulations préindustrielles AR4 (S1) et ENS (S2)



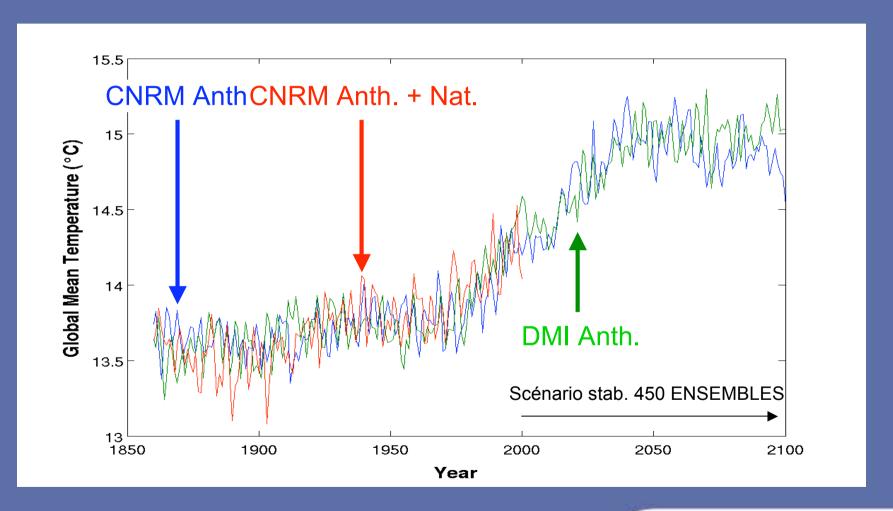
ENSEMBLES Stream 2 - CNRM-3.3 (2008)

SST (moyenne globale)



ENSEMBLES Stream 2 - CNRM-3.3 (2008)

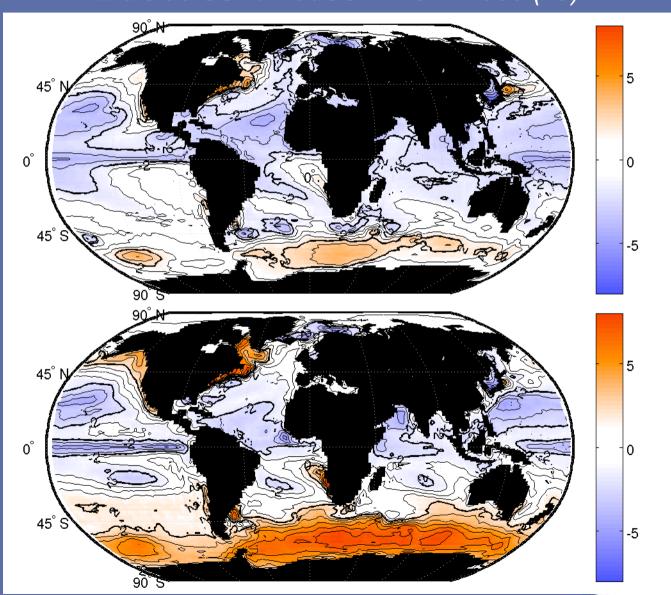
T2m (moyenne globale)





ENSEMBLES Stream 2 - CNRM-3.3 (2008)

Biais de SST / HadSST1 1871-1900 (°C)



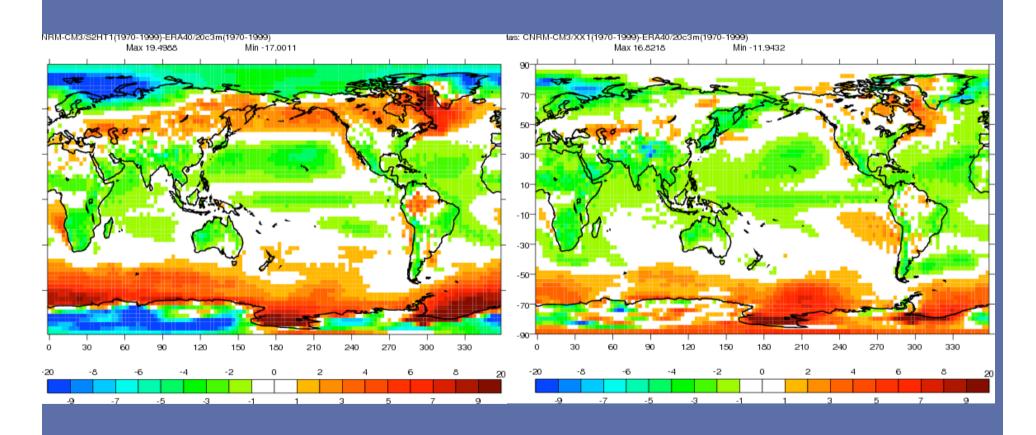
IPCC-AR4 (3.1) Ann. 1-30

S2 ENS (3.3) Ann. <u>1-30</u>

METEO FRANCE

ENSEMBLES Stream 2 – T2m

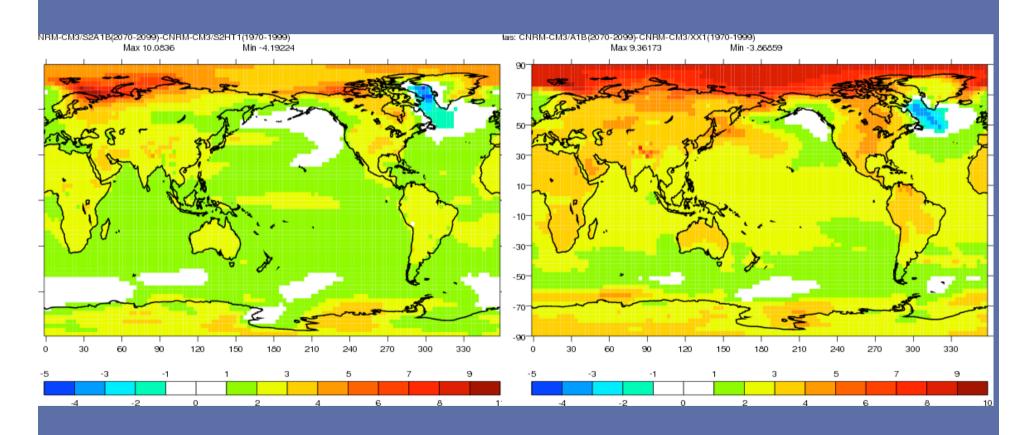
S2-20C3M (Anthro) - ERA 40 (1970-1999) AR4-20C3M (anthro) - ERA 40 (1970-1999)





ENSEMBLES Stream 2 - T2m

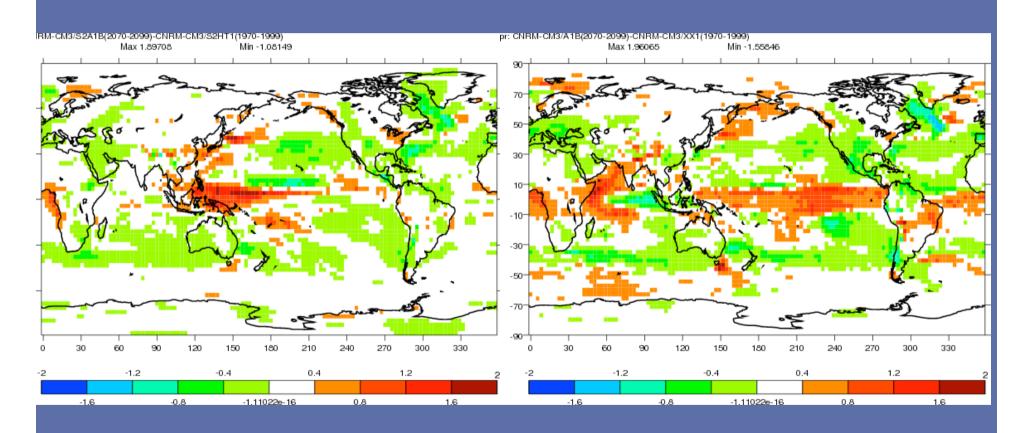
S2-A1B (2070-2099) – S2-20C3M (anthro, 1970-1999) AR4-A1B (2070-2099) – AR4-20C3M (anthro, 1970-1999)





ENSEMBLES Stream 2 – Precip.

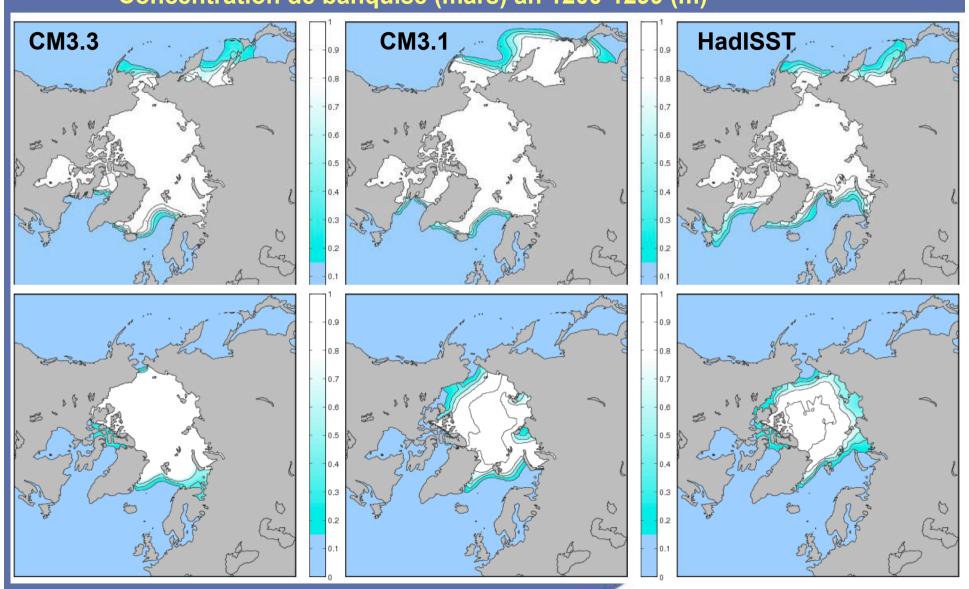
S2-A1B (2070-2099) – S2-20C3M (anthro, 1970-1999) AR4-A1B (2070-2099) – AR4-20C3M (anthro, 1970-1999)





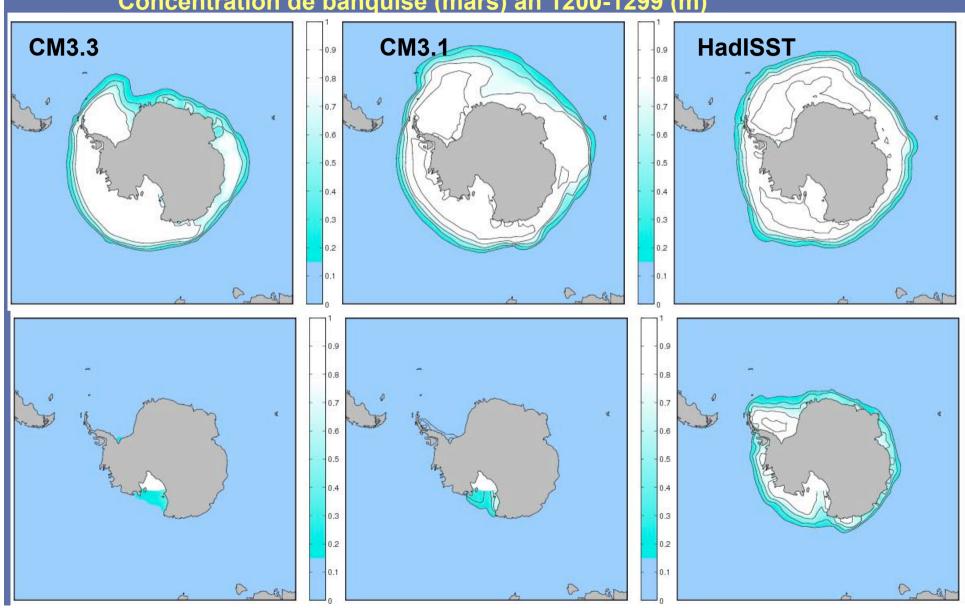
Le stream 2 ENSEMBLES avec CNRM-3.3 (2008) – Exp Contrôle

Concentration de banquise (mars) an 1200-1299 (m)



Le stream 2 ENSEMBLES avec CNRM-3.3 (2008) - Exp Contrôle

Concentration de banquise (mars) an 1200-1299 (m)



2. En route pour l'AR5

• Quel modèle ?

- Collaboration renforcée avec le CERFACS
- ARPEGE-Climat version 5 physique à préciser (viser la nouvelle physique pronostique + le nouveau rayonnement RRTM)
- Surface externalisée
- NEMO3-Gelato5
- OASIS3
- TRIP

• Quelles simulations ?

- « core simulations »
- a priori, pas de simulation avec cycle du carbone
- pas de simulations avec aérosols interactifs (trop coûteuses)
- Simulations décennales (CERFACS)



Expériences prévues pour CMIP5 (2010) AOGCM (pas de cycle du carbone)

What experiments focusing on the "longer-term" do you plan to perform?										
43	Experiment Name	Experiment Description	Experi- ment number	CMIP5 desig- nated tier	Years requested per run	Ensemble size requested	Liklihood that you will perform experiment (enter 1-5; see key at top of page)	Planned ensemble size (i.e., number of runs)		
	pre-industrial control	coupled atmosphere/ocean control run	3,1	core	≥500	1	1		500	
	historical	simulation of recent past (1850-2005)	3,2	core	156	1	1		156	
	AMIP	AMIP (1979-2008)	3,3	core	30	1	1		30	
47	historical	increase ensemble size of expt. 3.2	3.2-E	tier 1	156	≥2	3	5		780
48	AMIP	increase ensemble size of expt. 3.3	3.3-E	tier 1	30	≥2	4	5		
49	mid-Holocene	consistent with PMIP, impose Mid-Holocene conditions	3,4	tier 1	≥100	1	4			
50	last glacial maximum	consistent with PMIP, impose last glacial maximum conditions	3,5	tier 1	≥100	1	1		200	
51	last millennium	consistent with PMIP, impose forcing for 850- 1850	3,6	tier 2	1000	1	4			
52	RCP4.5	future projection (2006-2100) forced by RCP4.5	4,1	core	95	1	1		95	
53	RCP8.5	future projection (2006-2100) forced by RCP8.5	4,2	core	95	1	1		95	
	RCP2.X	future projection (2006-2100) forced by RCP2.X	4,3	tier 1	95	1	1		95	
55	RCP6	future projection (2006-2100) forced by RCP6	4,4	tier 1	95	1	4			
56	RCP4.5	extension of expt. 4.1 through 2300	4.1-L	tier 1	200	1	3			200
57	RCP8.5	extension of expt. 4.2 through 2300	4.2-L	tier 2	200	1	3			200
58	RCP2.X	extension of expt. 4.3 through 2300	4.3-L	tier 2	200	1	3			200



Expériences prévues pour CMIP5 (2010) AOGCM

Total simulations couplées : entre ~1800 et 5500 ans

66 1 percent per year CQ2 imposed 1%/yr increase in CQ2 to quadrupling 6,1 core 140 1 1 140											
Control St Climatological SSTs & sea ice 0.2a core 250 1 1 30 30 68 CO2 forcing as in expt. 6.2a, but with 4XCO2 imposed 6.2b core 250 1 1 30 30 30 30 30 30	66	1 percent per year CO2		6,1	core	140	1	1		140	
Boystand Brupt 4XCO2 Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of CO2, then hold fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of the fixed Impose an instantaneous quadrupling of the fixed Impose I	67	control SST climatology		6.2a	core	≥30	1	1		30	
Separate an ensemble of runs like expt. 6.3 Separate and s	68	CO2 forcing	as in expt. 6.2a, but with 4XCO2 imposed	6.2b	core	≥30	1	1		30	
abrupt 4XCO2 initialized in different months, and terminated after 5 years aerosol forcing as in expt. 6.2a, but with aerosols from year 2000 of expt. 3.2 4xCO2 AMIP AMIP (1979-2008) conditions (expt. 3.3) but with 4xCO2 AMIP plus patterned anomaly consistent with CFMIP, patterned SST anomalies added to AMIP conditions (expt. 3.3) AMIP plus patterned anomaly consistent with CFMIP, patterned SST anomalies added to AMIP conditions (expt. 3.3) AMIP plus patterned anomaly consistent with CFMIP, patterned SST anomalies added to AMIP conditions (expt. 3.3) AMIP plus patterned anomaly consistent with CFMIP, zonally uniform SSTs for ocean-covered earth ACCO2 aqua planet control consistent with CFMIP, zonally uniform SSTs for ocean-covered earth ACCO2 aqua planet plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with 4XCO2 AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with 4XCO2 AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST AMIP plus 4K anomaly in expt. 6.7a, but with a un	69	abrupt 4XCO2	then hold fixed	6,3	core	150	1	1		150	
2000 of expt. 3.2 5,4 ter 1 230 1 3 30 30 2 4xCO2 AMIP AMIP (1979-2008) conditions (expt. 3.3) but with 4xCO2 AMIP plus patterned anomaly with 4xCO2 consistent with CFMIP, patterned SST anomalies added to AMIP conditions (expt. 3.3) 6,6 tier 1 30 1 1 30 30 30 30 30	70	abrupt 4XCO2	initialized in different months, and terminated	6.3-E	tier 1	5	11	4			
AMIP plus patterned anomaly consistent with CFMIP, patterned SST anomalies added to AMIP conditions (expt. 3.3) 6,6 tier 1 30 1 1 30 30 30 30 30	71	aerosol forcing		6,4	tier 1	≥30	1	3			30
AMIP plus patterned anomaly anomalies added to AMIP conditions (expt. 3.3) 6,6 tier 1 30 1 1 30 74 aqua planet control consistent with CFMIP, zonally uniform SSTs for ocean-covered earth 5 1 1 5 75 4xCO2 aqua planet as in expt. 6.7a, but with 4XCO2 6.7b tier 1 5 1 1 5 76 aqua planet plus 4K anomaly in SST in SST 6.7c tier 1 5 1 1 1 77 AMIP plus 4K anomaly as in expt. 3.3, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST 6.8 tier 2 30 1 1 30 78 natural-only historical simulation but with natural forcing only 7.1 tier 1 156 1 2 156 79 GHG-only historical simulation but with other individual forcing agents 7.2 tier 1 156 1 3 80 tier 1 156 1 3 3 80 tier 1 156 1 3 80 tier 1 156 2 3 5 780 80 GHG-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.1 7.1-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 GHG-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 tier 1 156 1 2 3 5 780 80 GHG-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 tier 1 156 1 2 3 5 780 80 GHG-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 tier 1 156 1 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	72	4xCO2 AMIP		6,5	tier 1	30	1	3			30
To a pulse of the control For ocean-covered earth For ocean-covered For occan-covered	73	AMIP plus patterned anomaly		6,6	tier 1	30	1	1		30	
76 aqua planet plus 4K anomaly in SST as in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST 6.7c tier 1 5 1 1 1 5 77 AMIP plus 4K anomaly in SST as in expt. 3.3, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST 6.8 tier 2 30 1 1 30 78 natural-only historical simulation but with natural forcing only in SST 7,1 tier 1 156 1 2 156 79 GHG-only historical simulation but with greenhouse gas forcing only 7,2 tier 1 156 1 3 80 other-only historical simulation but with other individual forcing agents 7,3 tier 1 156 1 3 81 natural-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.1 7.1-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 82 GHG-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780	74	aqua planet control		6.7a	tier 1	5	1	1		5	
76 aqua pranet plus 4K anomaly in SST	75	4xCO2 aqua planet	as in expt. 6.7a, but with 4XCO2	6.7b	tier 1	5	1	1		5	
77 AMIP plus 4K anomaly in SST 5,8 tier 2 30 1 1 30 78 natural-only historical simulation but with natural forcing only 7,1 tier 1 156 1 2 79 GHG-only historical simulation but with greenhouse gas forcing only historical simulation but with other individual 7,2 tier 1 156 1 3 80 other-only historical simulation but with other individual 7,3 tier 1 156 1 3 81 natural-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.1 7.1-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 82 GHG-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 22 3 5 780 80 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 22 3 3 5 780	76	aqua planet plus 4K anomaly		6.7c	tier 1	5	1	1		5	
78 79 GHG-only historical simulation but with greenhouse gas forcing only 7,2 tier 1 156 1 3 3	77	AMIP plus 4K anomaly		6,8	tier 2	30	1	1		30	
79 Grid-Only Forcing only 7,2 Tier 1 156 1 3	78	natural-only	historical simulation but with natural forcing only	7,1	tier 1	156	1	2		156	
80 other-only forcing agents 7,3 tier 1 156 1 3	79	GHG-only		7,2	tier 1	156	1	3			
82 GHG-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2 7.2-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780	80	other-only		7,3	tier 1	156	1	3			
	81	natural-only	increase ensemble size of expt. 7.1	7.1-E	tier 2	156	≥2	3	5		780
83 other-only increase ensemble size of expt. 7.3 7.3-E tier 2 156 ≥2 3 5 780	82	GHG-only	increase ensemble size of expt. 7.2	7.2-E	tier 2	156					780
	83	other-only	increase ensemble size of expt. 7.3	7.3-E	tier 2	156	≥2	3	5		780



Expériences prévues pour CMIP5 (2010) Simulations AGCM forcé

What atmosphere-only experiments do you plan to perform? (Note: Some of the following experiments also appear in previous tables. For a given model, there is no need to duplicate any information already entered above.)

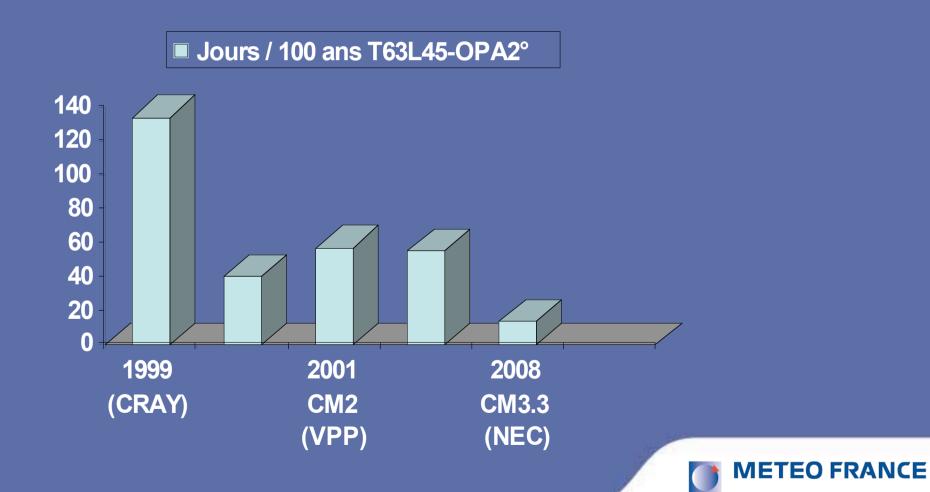
86	Experiment Name	Experiment Description	Experi- ment number	CMIP5 desig- nated tier	Years requested per run	Ensemble size requested	see key at	Planned ensemble size (i.e., number of runs)
_	AMIP	AMIP (1979-2008)	3,3	core	30	1	1	
	2030 time-slice	conditions for 2026-2035 imposed	2,1	core	10	1	1	
89	AMIP	increase ensemble size of expt. 3.3	3.3-E	tier 1	30	≥2	4	5
90	2030 time-slice	increase ensemble size of expt. 2.1	2.1-E	tier 1	10	≥2	3	5
91	4xCO2 AMIP	AMIP (1979-2008) conditions (expt. 3.3) but with 4xCO2	6.5	tier 1	30	1	1	
92	AMIP plus patterned anomaly	consistent with CFMIP, patterned SST anomalies added to AMIP conditions (expt. 3.3)	6.6	tier 1	30	1	1	
93	aqua planet control	consistent with CFMIP, zonally uniform SSTs for ocean-covered earth	6.7a	tier 1	5	1	1	
94	4xCO2 aqua planet	as in expt. 6.7a, but with 4XCO2	6.7b	tier 1	5	1	1	
95	aqua planet plus 4K anomaly	as in expt. 6.7a, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST	6.7c	tier 1	5	1	1	
96	AMIP plus 4K anomaly	as in expt. 3.3, but with a uniform 4K increase in SST	6.8	tier 2	30	1	1	



Vers CNRM-CM5

Quel modèle pour le CNRM / CERFACS ?

Evolution du temps de calcul moyen pour 100 ans de simulations (en jours)



Vers CNRM-CM5

Quel modèle pour le CNRM / CERFACS ?

Trouver un compromis...

- Augmentation nécessaire de la résolution d'ARPEGE-Climat (réduction de biais, particulièrement en Antarctique et en Arctique) > T127 (1,4° de résolution horizontale)
- Augmentation souhaitable de la résolution verticale d'ARPEGE-Climat (L91 ?)
 - Meilleure résolution de la stratosphère (interagit avec NAO et AO → exposé H. Douville)
 - Prise en compte améliorée du rôle climatique de l'ozone
 - Possibilité de mieux résoudre les nuages en Arctique
 - Impact positif sur la modélisation de la convection atmosphérique
 - Surcoût de 91 niveaux + RRTM raisonnable par rapport à 31 niveaux FMR
- NEMO à 1°
 - Utilisation directe de restarts CEP en prévision décennale
 - Intérêt scientifique ?
 - Pas de maintenance par le LOCEAN
- Le modèle doit simuler 5 ans / 24h pour mener l'exercice : A tester...



Vers CNRM-CM5

Quel modèle pour le CNRM / CERFACS ?

La contrainte du temps de calcul

- Le modèle doit simuler 5 ans / 24h pour mener l'exercice «sereinement »
- Premiers tests effectués sur la nouvelle SX9 (cf. exposé C. Cassou résultats préliminaires ARPEGE-Climat T127 L31 + NEMO 1°)

Les échéances

- Version CNRM-CM5 assemblée informatiquement ~disponible actuellement
- CNRM-CM5.0 (cohérence des couplages) : juin 2009
- Surfex dans le modèle couplé : septembre 2009 (après tests intensifs dans ARPEGE-Climat v5)
- Ajustements de la physique atmosphérique (incluant les premières simulations couplées longues): automne 2009.
- Récupération des forçages (GHG, aérosols, …) septembre 2009 → collaboration
 IPSL ?
- Question du stockage automne 2009
- Simulations CMIP5: 2010

