

**Centre de modélisation du climat de l'IPSL**  
**Retraite des 17-18 novembre 2022 – Domaine Saint-Paul**



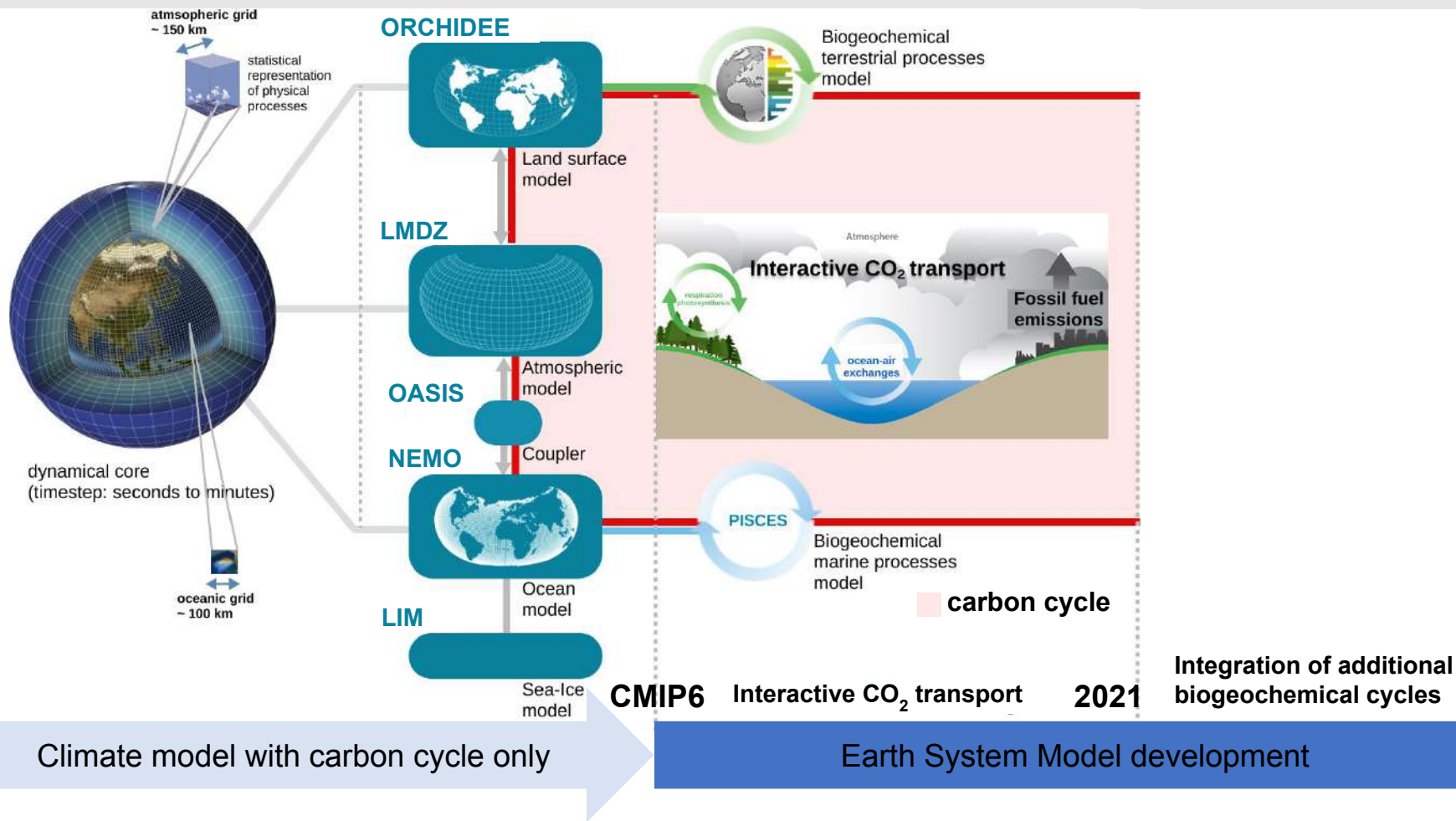
**Developments for the next ESM versions !**



# C / N / S / P cycles in the IPSL model...

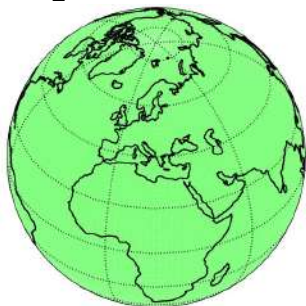
- Interactive CO<sub>2</sub> transport
- CH<sub>4</sub> cycle in the ESM !
- Nitrogen compounds - interactions between components
- Phosphorus cycle
- Dust impacts
- Sulfur compounds..
- Water isotopes
- Lateral transfer of water, C/N/P elements and heat from land to ocean
- Stratosphere and aerosols

# Interactive CO<sub>2</sub> in the Earth System Model



# Interactive CO<sub>2</sub> transport

without  
CO<sub>2</sub> transport

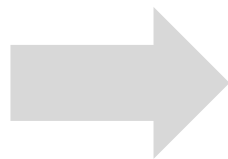


Cadule et al,  
390 391 392 393 [ppm]

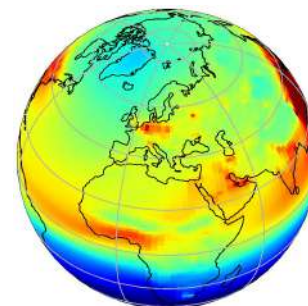
2009  
first climate-carbon model

~2 months for 250 yr  
simulation  
horizontal resolution of 200 km

atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> concentration  
for present day period



with interactive  
CO<sub>2</sub> transport



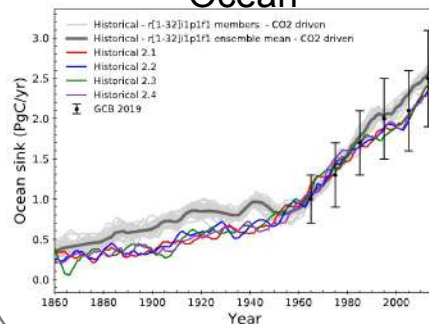
Cadule et al, in  
390 391 392 393 [ppm]

2021  
4th generation  
climate-carbon model with  
interactive CO<sub>2</sub> transport

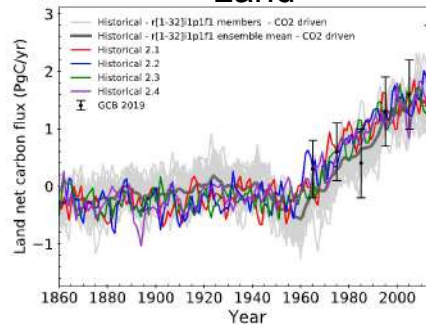
~15 days for 250 yr  
simulation  
horizontal resolution of 100  
km

## Carbon Cycle

### Ocean



### Land



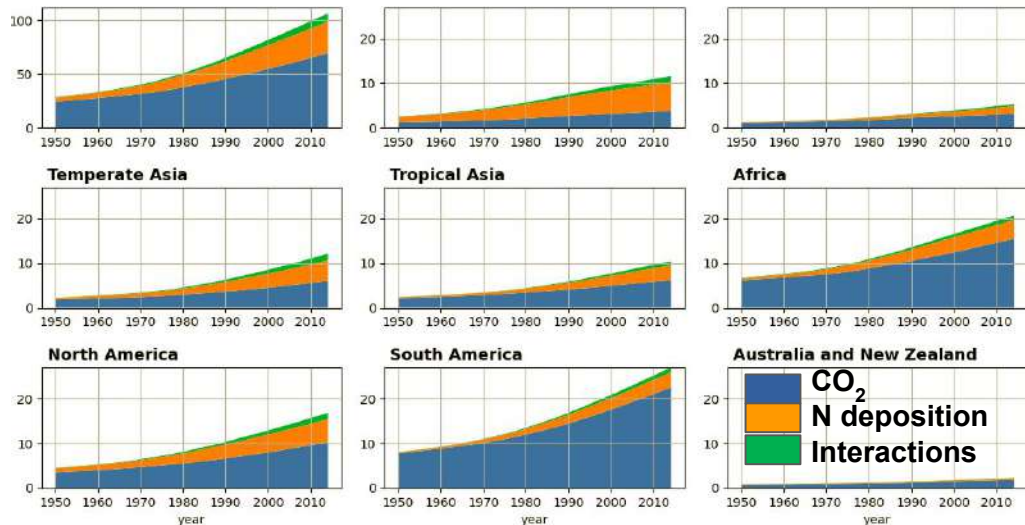
... still need to reduce uncertainties and improve processes modeling

# CH<sub>4</sub> cycle in the ESM !

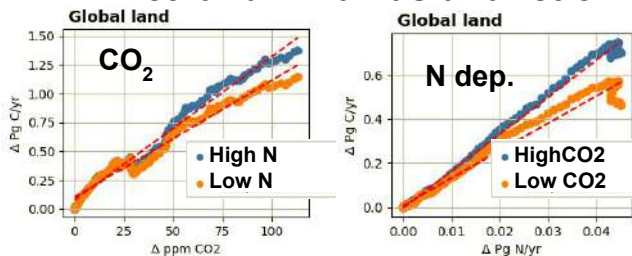
- LAND: Emission of CH<sub>4</sub> by wetland and peatland
    - Exist in several “branches” (ORC\_peat, ...)
    - On-going effort to merge all CH<sub>4</sub> emission modules into TRUNK !
  - Atmosphere
    - Degradation by OH already in INCA !!
- ⇒ Coupling land emission with INCA in the ESM should become effective !

# Nitrogen cycle: Impact on the land C uptake !

Change in Land Carbon store due to CO<sub>2</sub> and N deposition since 1850 (GtC)

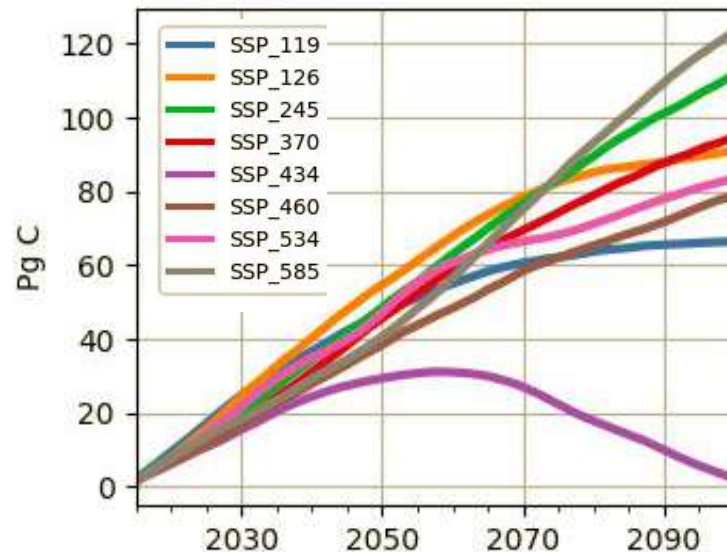


Net land C flux as a function of



Change in Land Carbon store since 2014 (GtC)

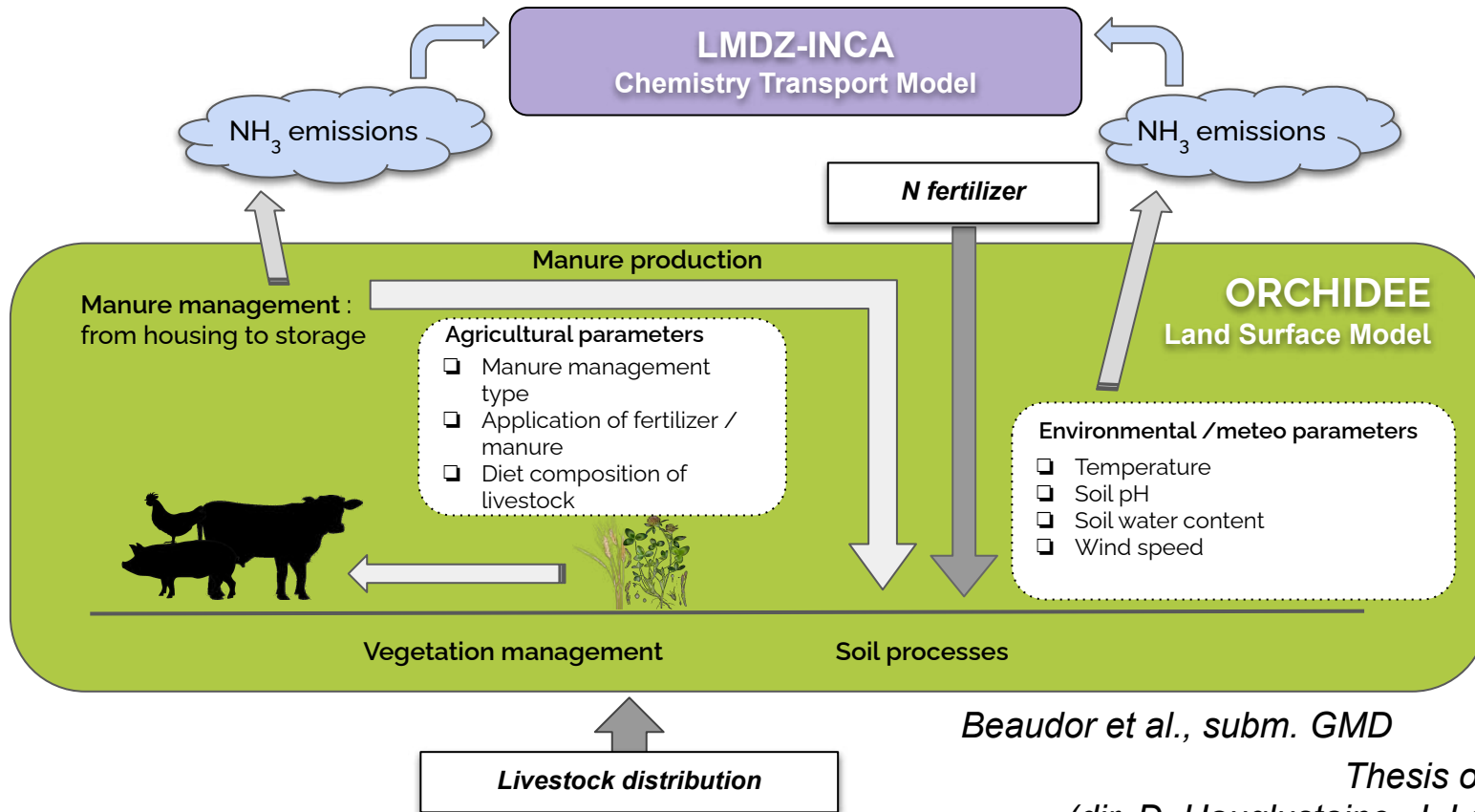
Global land



=> ~60 GtC less than with ORC-2 for any SSP

Thesis of Jaime Riano Sanchez (dir. N. Vuichard, P. Peylin)

# Modeling Nitrogen fluxes within land-housing-soil continuum

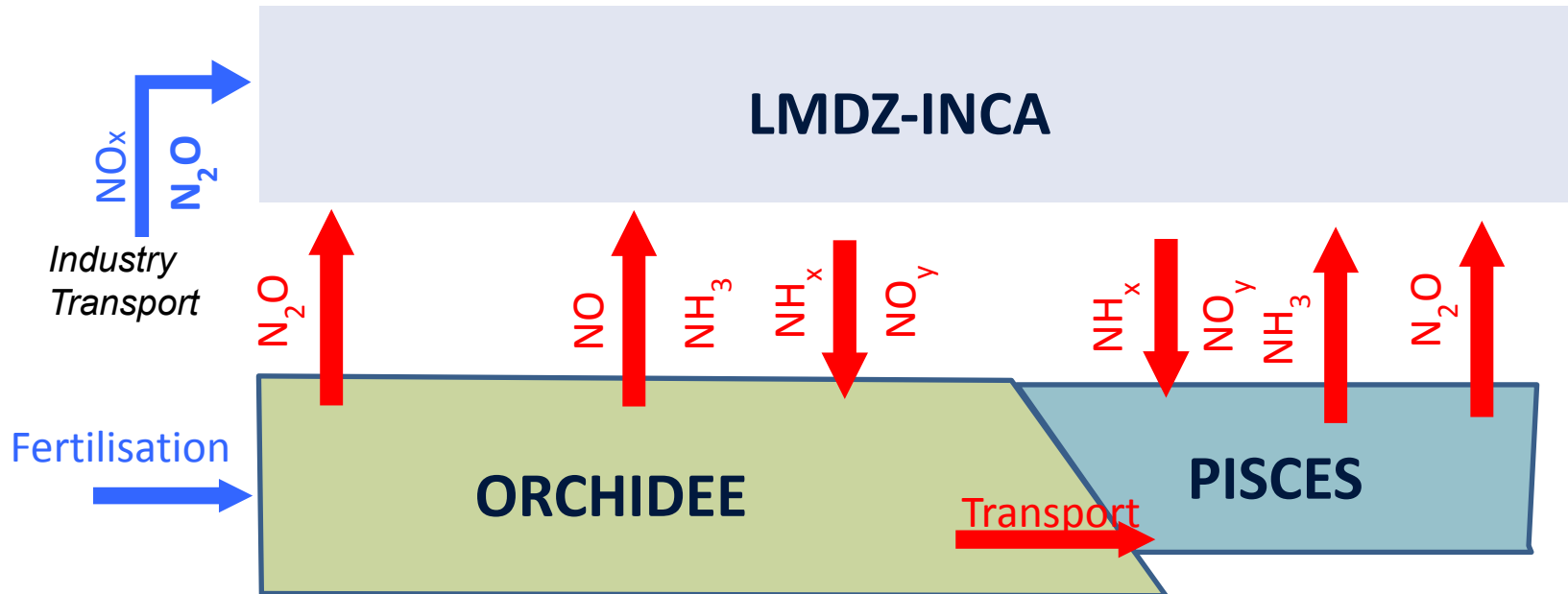


*Beaudor et al., subm. GMD*

*Thesis of Maureen Beaudor  
(dir. D. Hauglustaine, J. Lathière, N. Vuichard)*

# Cycle interactif de l'azote

*"Free" [N<sub>2</sub>O] (emission driven)*



**Calculated Fluxes across components**



# Couplages INCA-ORCHIDEE dans le cadre de ESM2025

**ESM2025:** Development of the **IPSL CM6** with focus on land-atmosphere exchange of chemical species (coupling between **INCA** and **ORCHIDEE** soil-vegetation model):

- **BVOC** emission scheme extended in order to include biogenic emissions of DMS (3.2 Tg/yr) and H<sub>2</sub>S (0.8 Tg/yr) from vegetation.
- **Ammonia** (NH<sub>3</sub>) emissions from agricultural soils and livestock. Present-day emissions and model result evaluation (Beaudor et al., 2022a). Future NH<sub>3</sub> emissions based on several SSP scenarios for livestock evolution up to 2100 (Beaudor et al., 2022b). Impact on atmospheric chemistry and N deposition (Beaudor et al., 2022c). In link WP 5-6.
- **Nitrous oxide** (N<sub>2</sub>O) interactive cycle including soil emissions from ORCHIDEE, oceanic emissions (PISCES) provided by Météo-France, anthropogenic emissions reconstruction and atmospheric chemistry. Long-term (1850-Present) simulations in preparation. In link with WP5-6.
- **Coupled version including BVOC (and S) emissions and nitrogen cycle (NH<sub>3</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, NO soil emissions) tested and should be ready soon**

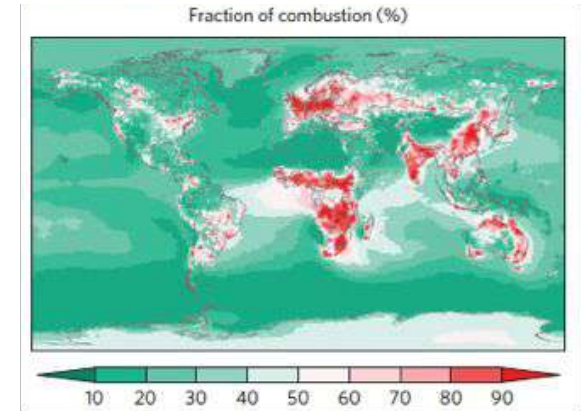
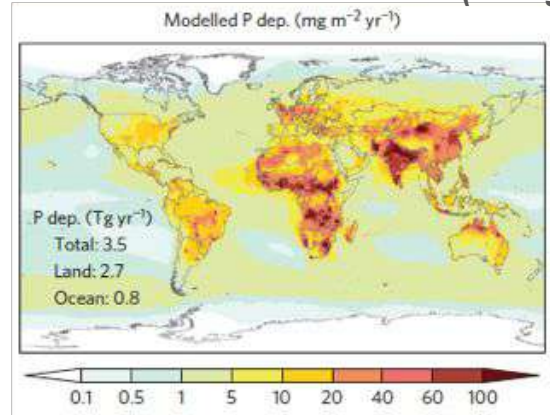
# Cycle du Phosphore dans l'ESM

⇒ Atmospheric deposition of P & N from 1750 to 2021 !

(Wang et al. 2015)

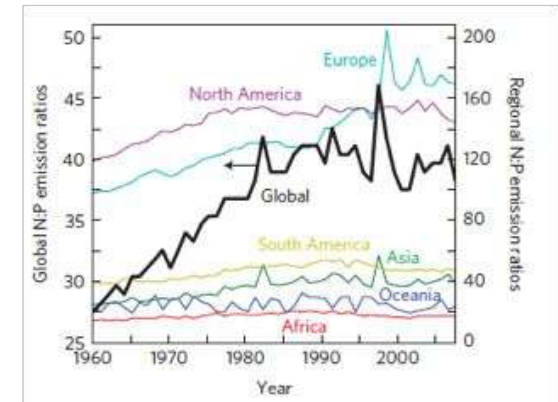
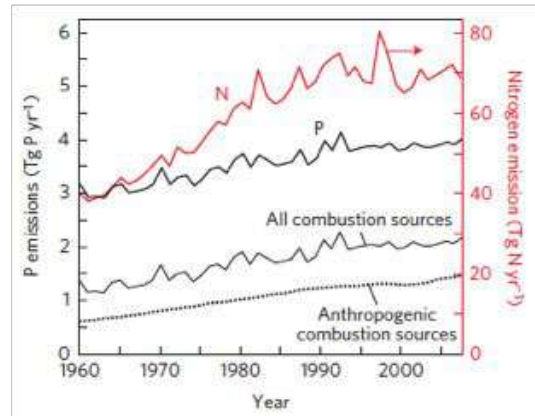
## ORCHIDEE - LAND :

- A version (C-N-P) exist
- Integration in the Trunk is under investigation

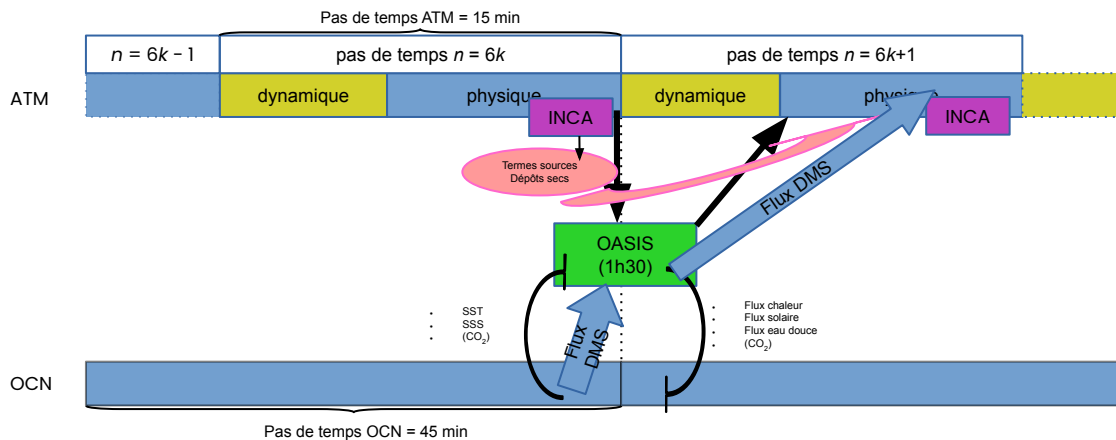


## OCEAN :

- P deposition Integrated in PISCES

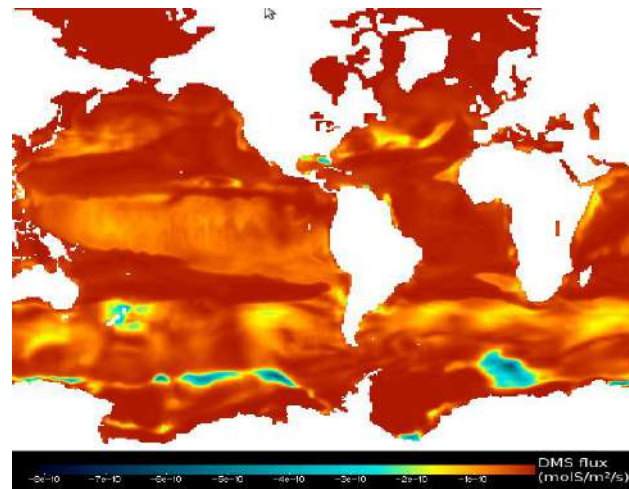


# DMS coupling between the different components



L'objectif du codage est de transmettre les flux océaniques de l'espèce DMS (issus du module océanique PISCES) directement au module de chimie troposphérique INCA, sans passer par l'intermédiaire du module atmosphérique LMDZ.

T. Lurton, IPSL



Carte de flux de DMS en sortie de PISCES

# Water isotopes in the IPSL model

## Aim: perennially implement water isotopes in every component of the ISPL ES

- Initiated by the funding provided by IPSL on a proposition of the PALEO « theme » of IPSL
- Implies working with the latest releases of the ESM (means no backward compatibility with e.g. IPSLCM5A2)

## Different levels of implementation:

- **LMDZ6:**
  - Fully implemented and already in the TRUNK!
  - On-going work to improve perennity (Sébastien Nguyen, David Cugnet, Camille Risi)
- **ORCHIDEE:**
  - Requires implementation in the new 11-layer soil physics as well as in the vegetation
  - Aya Bahi (finishing her PhD at INRAE) will start mid-February for 18 months
- **NEMO-OPA (dynamical ocean):**
  - Requires porting the isotope code from NEMO-v3.6 to the latest release of NEMO (currently NEMO-v4.2)
  - Mohamed Ayache (currently postdoc at LSCE) will start in January for 18 months
- **NEMO-SI3 (sea ice):**
  - No action from IPSL at the moment but Louise Sime's group at BAS may hire someone to implement water isotopes in SI3 and we are in contact to avoid duplicating the work
- **Coupling between components:**
  - Mohamed and/or Aya may start working on this depending on their progress

# River routing of matter & energy

⇒ Three versions of the water routing scheme still co-exist !

- **Standard (CMIP6):**
  - Low resolution
  - within the ORCHIDEE code
- **Externalised scheme at high resolution (Yan M.):**
  - External to ORCHIDEE (on a different grid);
  - Need interpolation of Runoff and Drainage
  - Easily parallelised !
- **New High resolution scheme within ORC (Jan P.)**
  - ORC grid sub-divided into different Hydrological Transfer Units (HTU)
  - No interpolation needed and possibly easier to combine with floodplain / energy budget per HTU / ....
  - But difficult to parallelise

# Routing of organic / inorganic compounds

- In a “Branch” of ORCHIDEE we can now transport DOC, DIC, POC
- It changes significantly the C balance of land ecosystems
- Ongoing merge with the peat and mangroves ecosystems
- Plan to be merged with the ORCHIDEE N version also (V3).
- A direct coupling with the NEMO-PISCES seems possible.

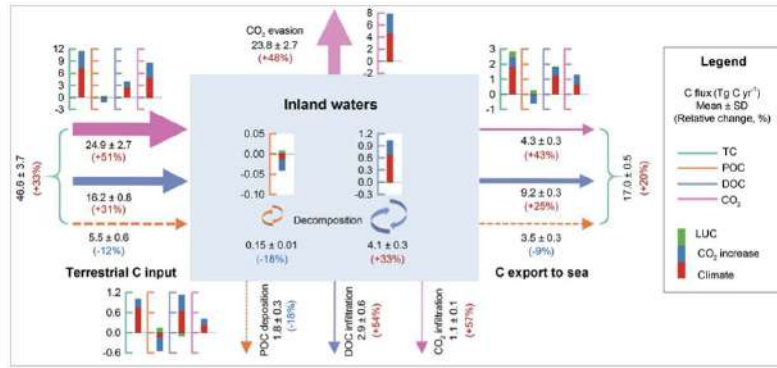
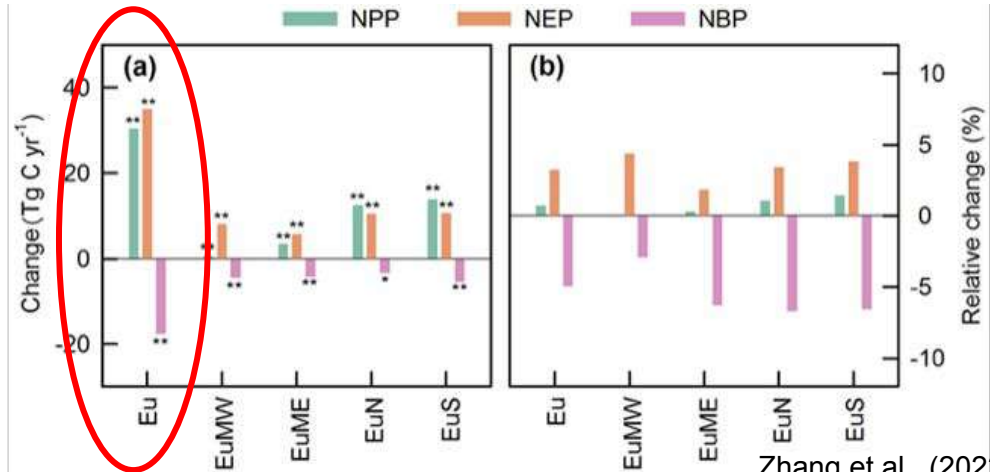


Fig. 1 Present-day (2005–2014) lateral carbon fluxes in Europe and their relative changes from the reference period 1901–1910 to 2005–2014. POC particulate organic carbon (C), DOC dissolved organic C, CO<sub>2</sub> dissolved C dioxide, TC total C flux which is the sum of POC, DOC and CO<sub>2</sub>. Percentages in the brackets are the relative changes in C fluxes from the reference period 1901–1910 to present-day (2005–2014), with dashed arrows and percentages in blue representing the decrease and solid arrows and percentages in red representing the increase. Bar charts show the respective contributions of climate change, atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> increase and land use change (LUC) to the changes in lateral C fluxes from 1901–1910 to 2005–2014.







# Towards predicting river temperatures in IPSL-CM

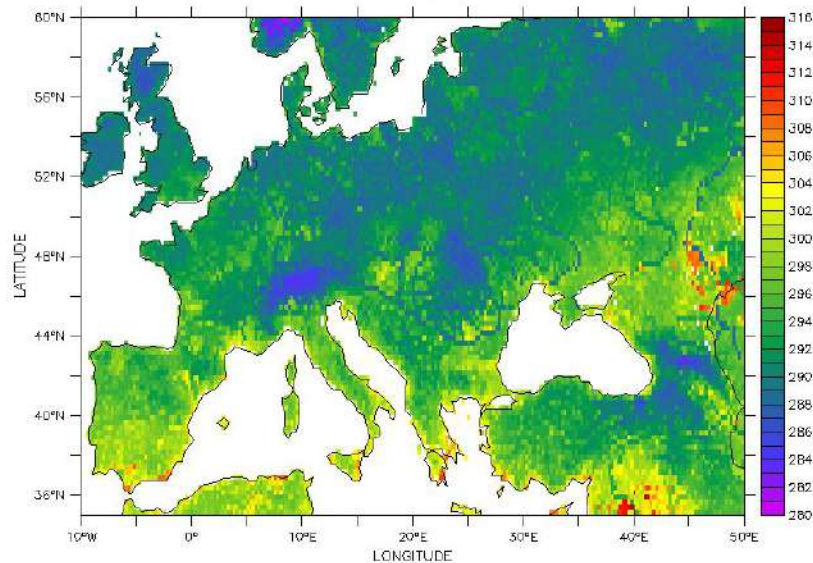
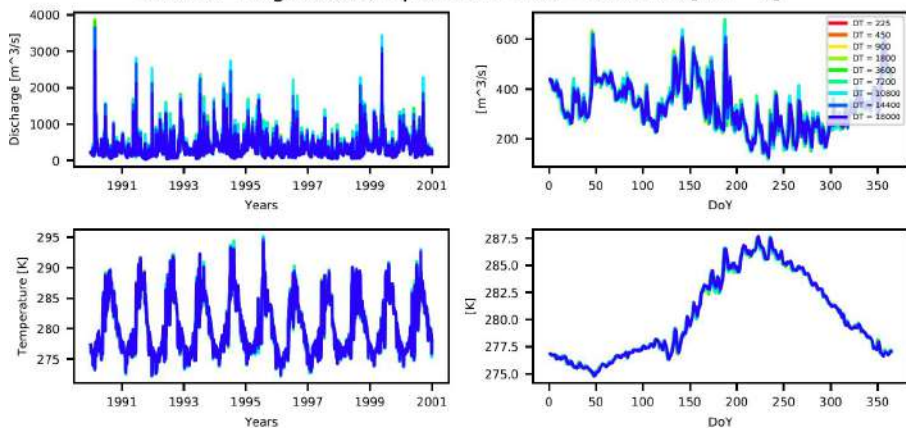
Average river temperature (in K) in 1980 over all hydrological transfer units in gridbox

$$T_{i,stream}^{t+1} = \frac{W_{i,stream}^t}{W_{i,stream}^{t+1}} T_{i,stream}^t + \frac{\Delta t}{W_{i,stream}^{t+1}} \cdot \sum_{j \in \{i-1\}} (Q_{j,slow}^t T_{j,slow}^t + Q_{j,fast}^t T_{j,fast}^t + Q_{j,stream}^t T_{j,stream}^t) - \frac{\Delta t}{W_{i,stream}^{t+1}} \cdot Q_{i,stream}^t T_{i,stream}^t$$

Predicting river temperatures is beneficial for

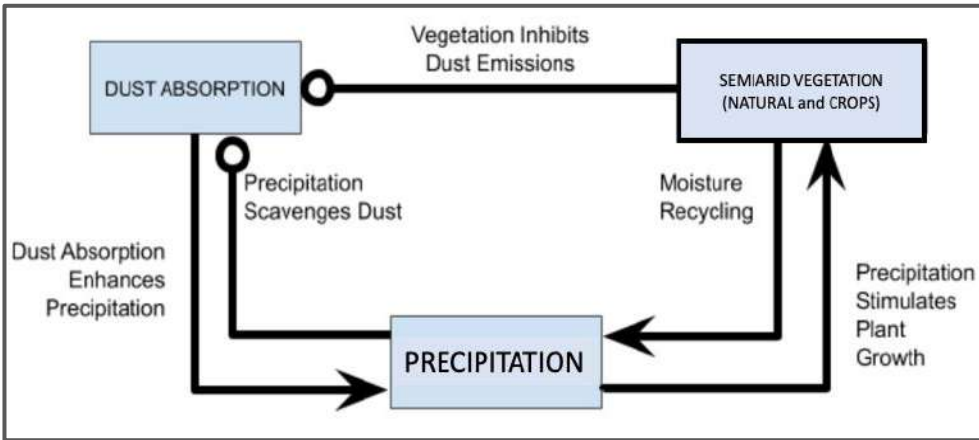
- coupling to the ocean model (fully coupled mode)
- the ORCHIDEE model when used offline
- future climate services

Station : Ingolstadt, Upstream area=20001.0 [km<sup>2</sup>]

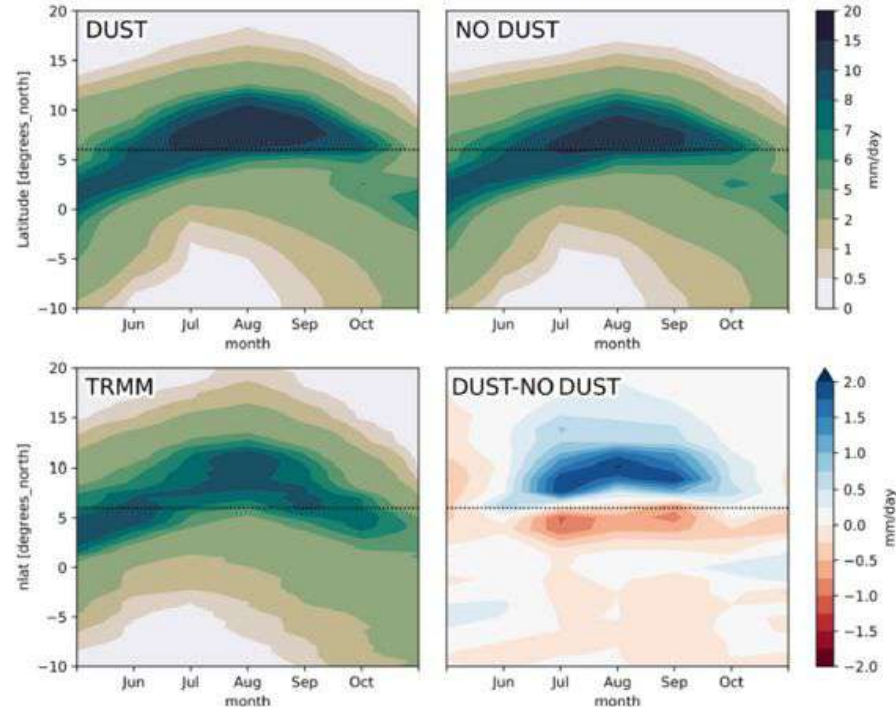


# Aerosol - impact on climate

⇒ On-going effort to better account for  
DUST - VEGETATION - CLIMATE  
interactions  
(See Y. Balkansky)



⇒ More precipitation with dust  
over the Sahelian region !





# LMDZ-StratAer model

## Presentation

This is a sectional approach for stratospheric sulfate aerosol including microphysic processes.

## History

- First version done with LMDZ5 (Kleinschmitt, 2017)
- Adapted for IPSLCM6-LR model to produce geoMIP run
- Used for an inter-model comparison in VolMIP-Tambora context (Clyne, 2020)
- Actually available in LMDZ trunk using CPP key

## Future works

- Add new process to increase the model behavior (OH reduce, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> photolysis)
- Use methan oxydation to get better water representation in stratosphere
- Multi-injections routines (ex: sulfur and H<sub>2</sub>O)
- Coupling with REPROBUS

# LMDz-REPROBUS model

## Presentation

Chemistry Climate model : coupling between LMDz and chemical scheme of REPROBUS

## History

- Adapted for IPSLCM6-LR model : historical + future simulations
- Used for an inter-model comparison (CCMVal, CCMI, CMIP6)
- Actually available in LMDZ trunk using CPP key

## Future works

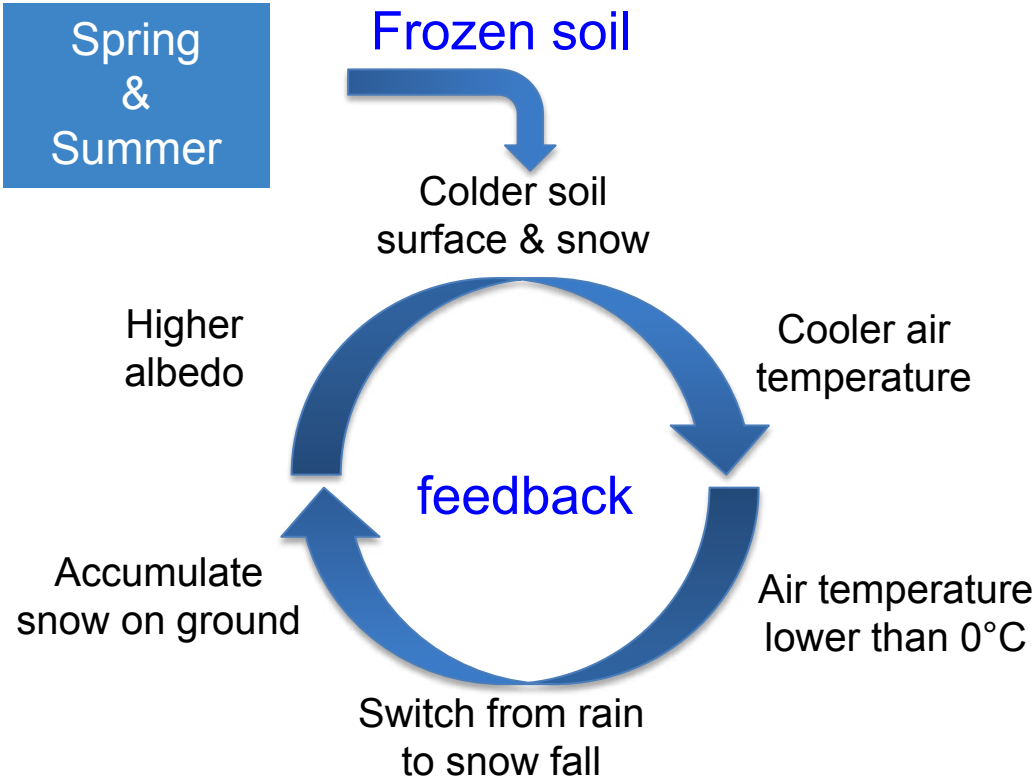
- Test LMDZ-Reprobus Nemo configuration
- Add new chemistry Solver (ASIS) , already implemented in Mars and Venus atmosphere (F. Lefèvre)
- Add Multi-injections routines of chemical species (H<sub>2</sub>O, halogen, NO<sub>x</sub>) in case of volcanic eruption, constant emissions, rockets
- Add isotopes of sulfur
- Coupling with StratAer

# ORCHIDEE upcoming features compared to CMIP6 (the ORCHIDEE team)

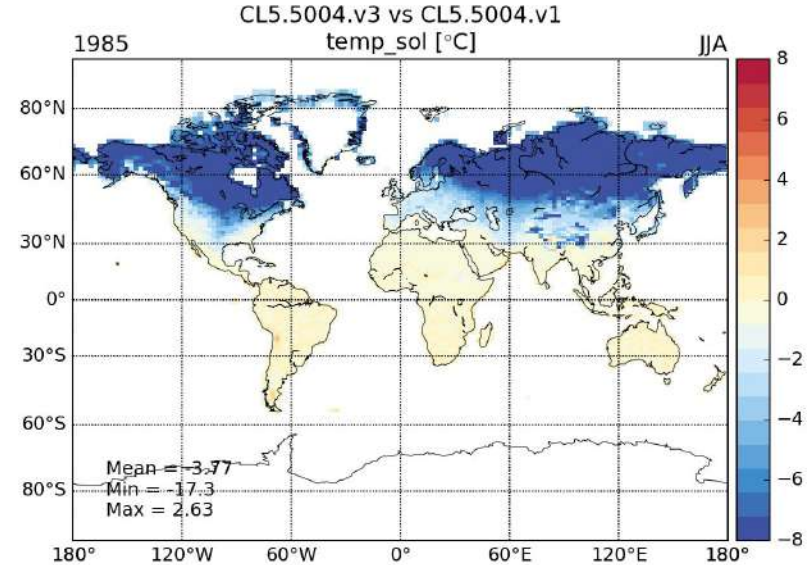
- Nitrogen cycle (see above)
- Soil freezing and Permafrost
- Multi-tiling energy budget !
- Forest dynamic & forest management + new C allocation + new RT (current Trunk of ORCHIDEE; under optimization)
- Accounting for Irrigation & flood plain & Lakes & Ground Water !
- Inclusion of fire (SPITFIRE)
- Improved representation of Agrosystems:  
Crop specific module & Grassland management

# Permafrost

⇒ Large feedback loop during spring/summer time



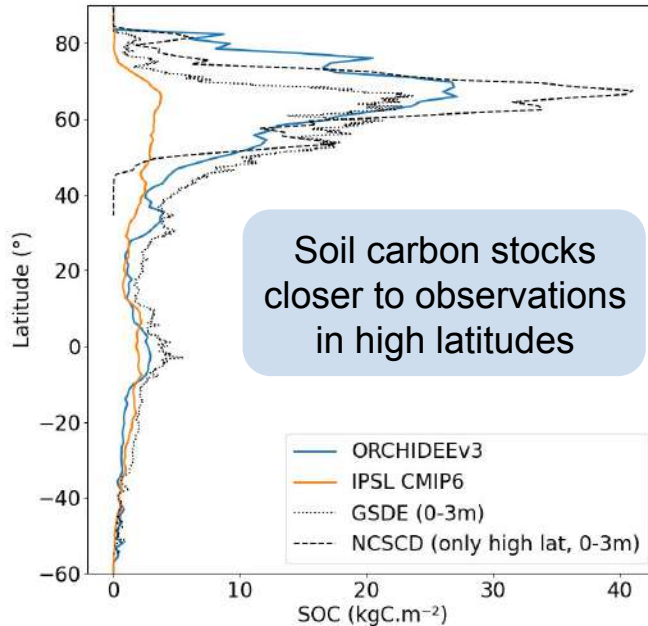
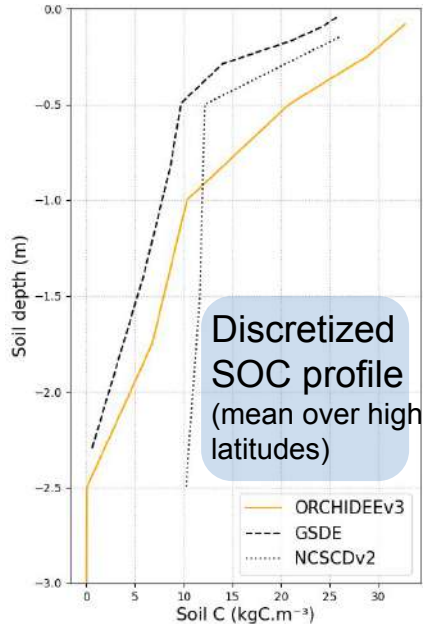
Delta Surface Temperature (summer, °K):  
'freezing' minus 'no freezing'



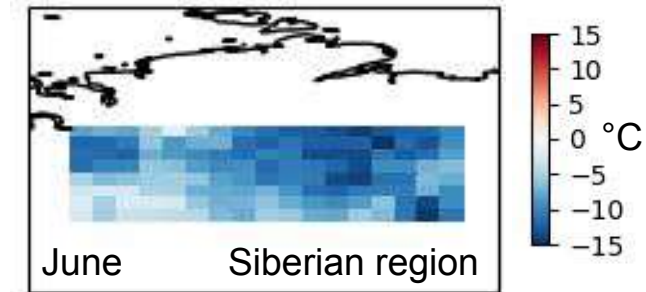
# Permafrost

Implementation of **soil carbon discretization** allows for the representation of **vertically resolved processes** : soil carbon (SOC) decomposition, exchanges between soil layers, SOC insulation, cryoturbation...

- + **mosses thermal effect**
- + **latent heat in energy budget**
- + explicit Nitrogen cycle since ORCHIDEE v3



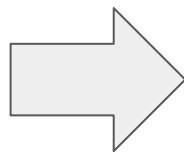
$\Delta\text{surfaceT}$  (no insulation - insulation by SOC + moss)



# Multi - energy budget (multi-tiling)

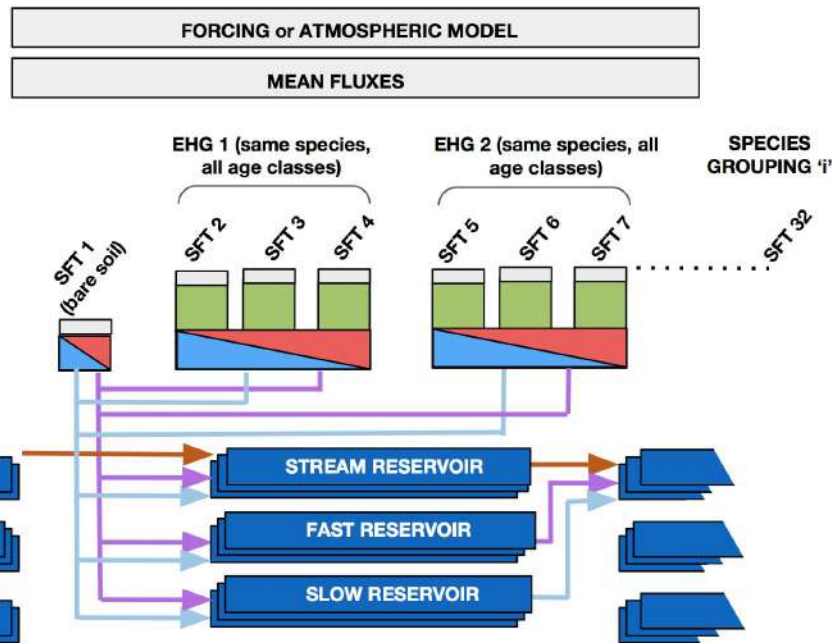
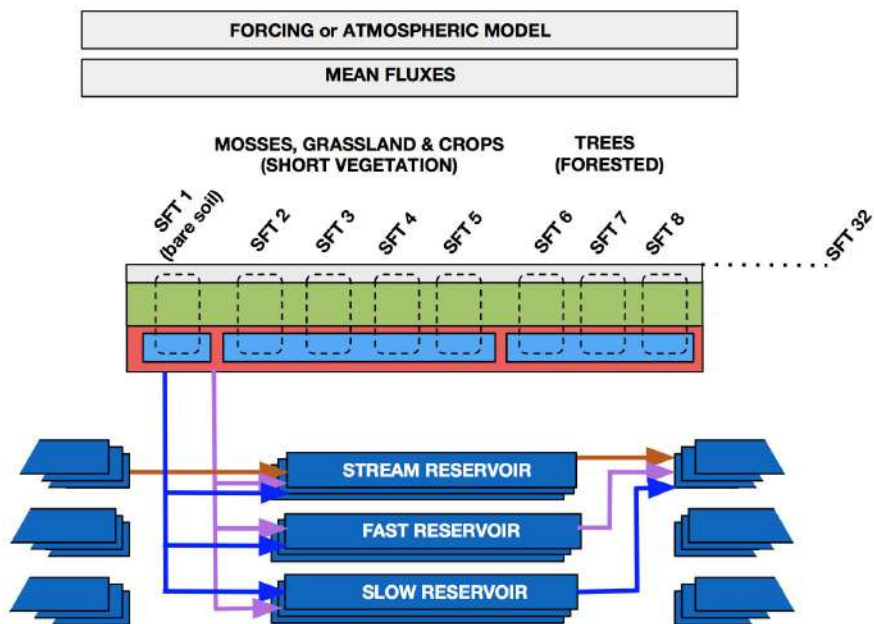
## Current scheme

1 energy budget  
3 water budget  
Npft carbon budget



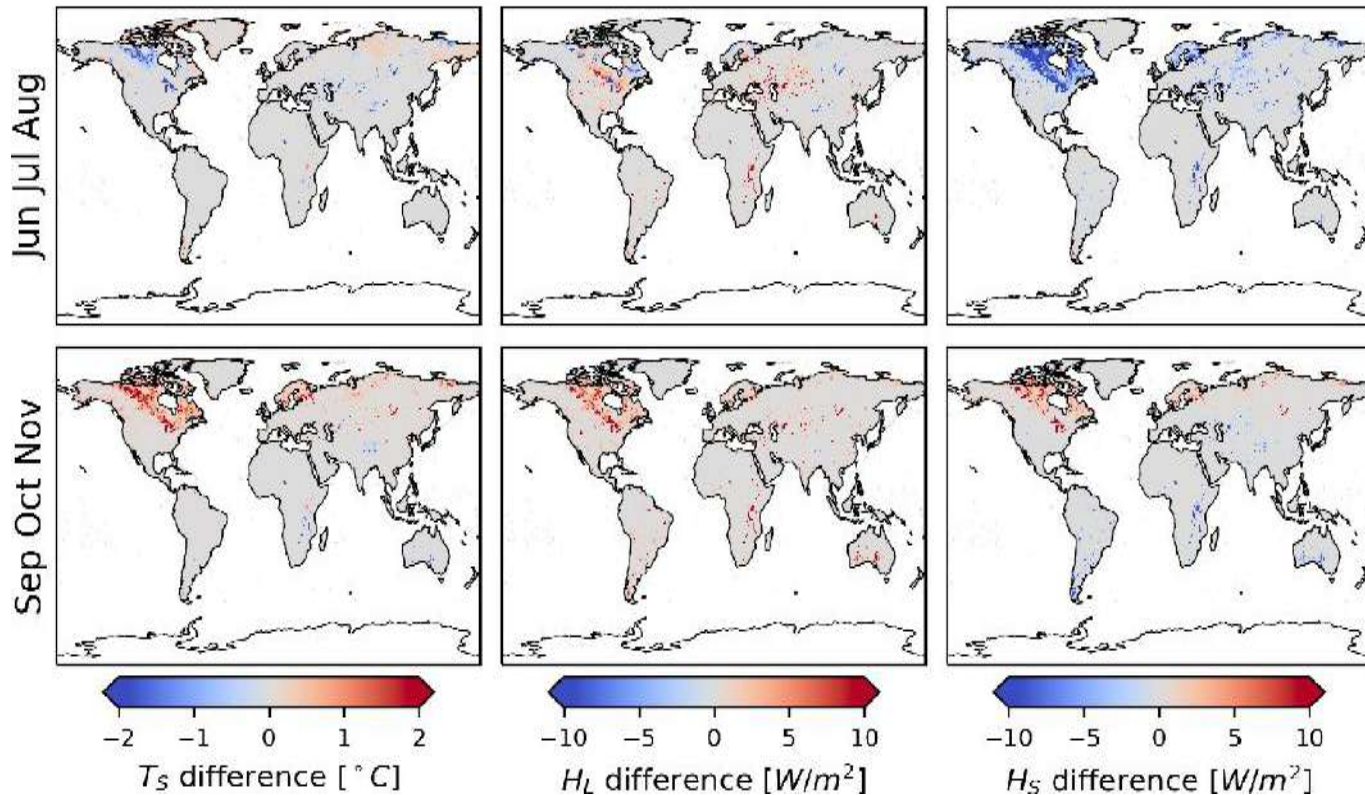
## New scheme

Ngroups energy budget  
Ngroups water budget  
Npft carbon budget



# Accounting for lakes

Implementation of a **lake model in ORCHIDEE** to assess the impact of lakes on surface temperatures and turbulent fluxes (A. Bernus's PhD, Bernus and Ottlé, GMD, 2022)



ORCHIDEE Surface temperature ( $T_S$ ) and fluxes ( $LE$  and  $H_s$ ) differences (With lakes – No lakes) Averaged over (2000 – 2016)

Surface temperatures differences at  $0.5^{\circ}$  resolution up to 2 K and fluxes up to  $10 \text{ W}/\text{m}^2$



# Accounting for land management !

Forest management



*Naudts et al., 2015, 2016*  
*MacGraph et al, 2015*

Crop management

*Wang et al., 2017*



Grassland management

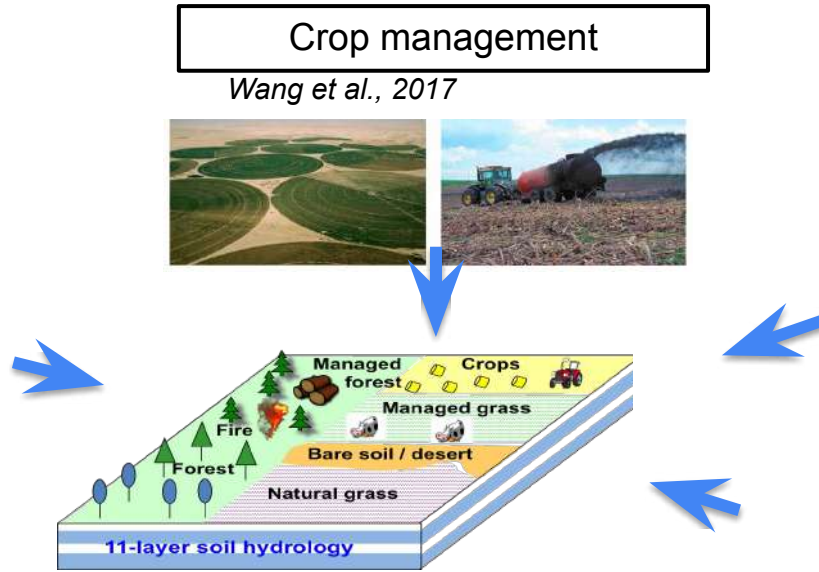


$\text{CO}_2$   
 $\text{CH}_4$   
 $\text{N}_2\text{O}$

*Climate mitigation potential*

*Chang et al. 2015, 2016*

Irrigation



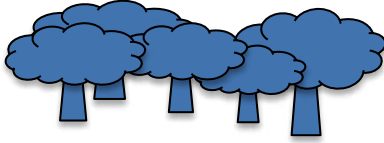
⇒ Planned effort to integrate past developments into the TRUNK

- Grassland management
- Cropland specificities (phenology, C allocation,...)
- Irrigation

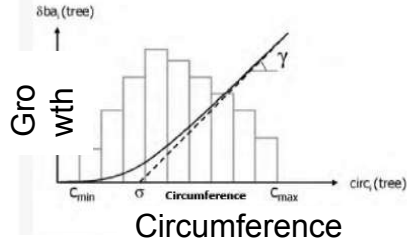


# Forest dynamics & management

Include diameter & age classes



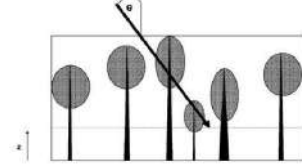
Allocation : "big get bigger"



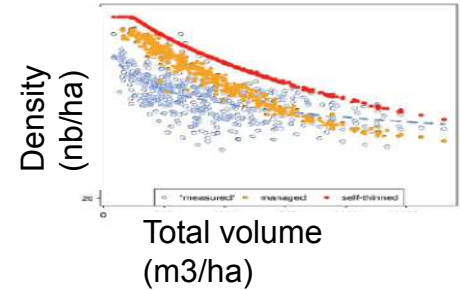
ORCHIDEE - TRUNK

(Naudts et al., 2015)

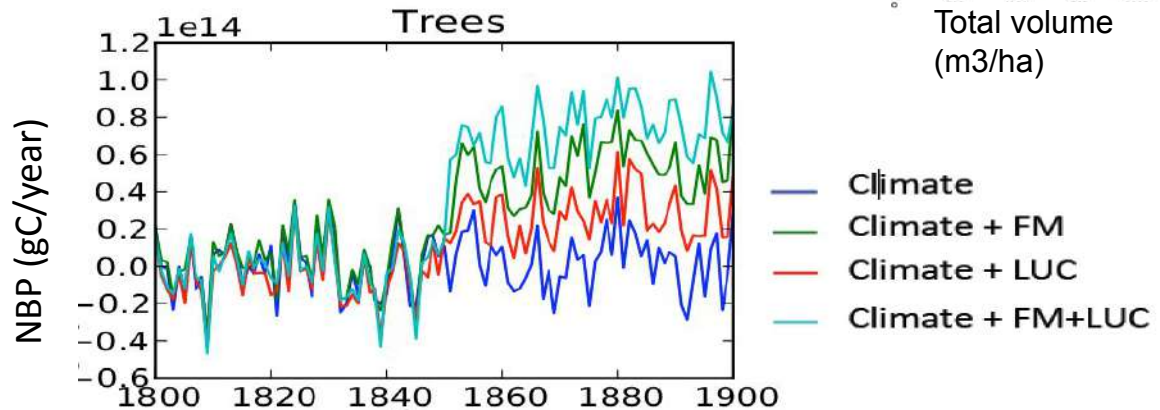
Accounts for gaps (PGAP)



Mortality from self-thinning



⇒ Impact of climate  
Forest management  
Land Use Change  
on European NBP



# NEMO-PISCES on the route to IPSL-CM7

## 1). Better organized....

(<https://www.pisces-community.org/>)

- Led by O. Aumont  
User group, Steering Committee & 14 Partners

- Regular User Meeting,  
Training Sessions

- PISCES-gas which models the cycle of additional compounds emitted to the atmosphere such as  $N_2O$ , DMS and CO (Conte et al., 2019 ; Séférian et al., 2020 ; Conte et al. 2020).
- PISCES-iso which represents  $^{13}C$  and  $^{15}N$  (Buchanan et al., 2021).
- PISCES-Byonic which in addition to Fe, describes the cycles of the trace metals Co, Zn and Cu (Tagliabue et al., 2018 ; Weber et al., 2018 ; Richon and Tagliabue, 2019).



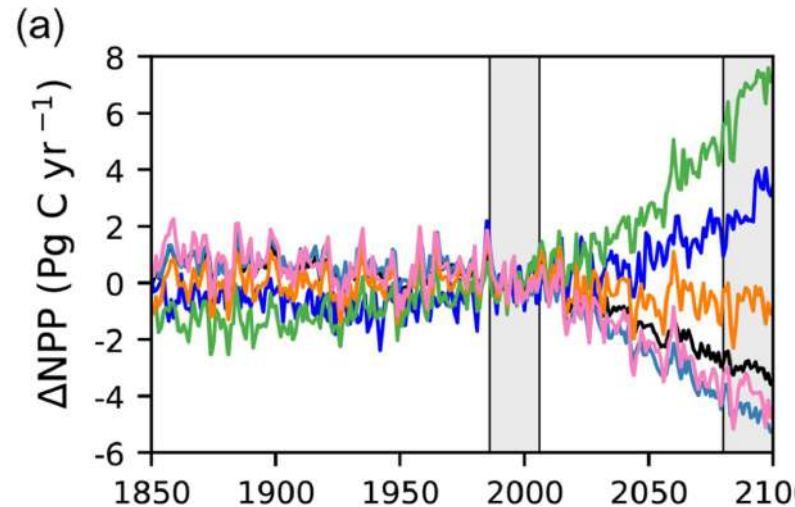
## The PISCES Community



# NEMO-PISCES on the route to IPSL-CM7

1). Better organized....

2). New versions tested offline with IPSL projections output



— IPSL-CM5A-LR  
— IPSL-CM6A-LR  
— PISCES-v1  
— PISCES-v2  
— PISCES-v2fix  
— PISCES-quota

Bopp et al. 2022 :

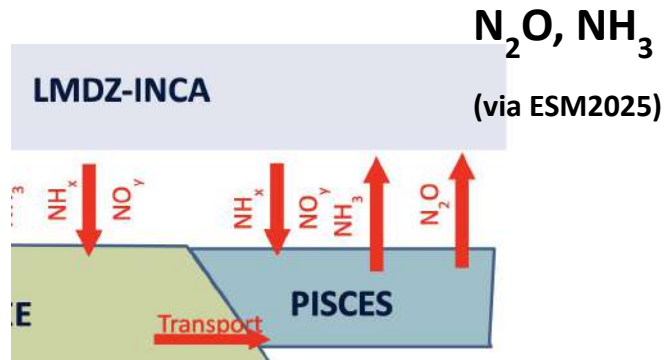
Diazotrophy as a key driver of the response of marine net primary productivity to climate change

**For IPSL-CM7 :**

- PISCES-v2 to **PISCES-v2+** with new schemes for diazotrophy, DOM / POM lability, ...
- PISCES-v2 to **PISCES-quota** : 24 to 42 tracers... [flexible C:N:P ratios, diurnal cycle, ...]

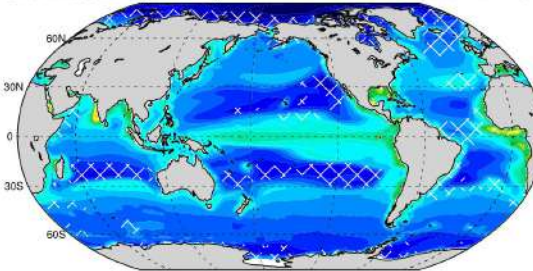
# NEMO-PISCES on the route to IPSL-CM7

- 1). Better organized....
- 2). New versions tested offline with IPSL projections output
- 3). New opportunities for coupling with INCA / ORCHIDEE



## DMS (here in CNRM-PISCES)

CNRM-ESM2-1 (11 runs) min = 0.4 med = 1.90 max = 6.4



But also BVOCS (isoprene, CO, ...)

And coupling with river inputs of C,N,P & Explicit Sediment model



**Merci !!**